

Canadian Nuclear Safety Services Inc. Consultants in Radiation Safety and Hazardous Materials Management

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Radiation Safety Data Sheet

	his data sheet presents information on radi nation on chemical compounds incorporati			
Part 1 - RAD	DIOACTIVE MATERIAL IDENTII	FICATION	V	
Chemical Symbol: Na		Comn	non Names:	SODIUM-24
Atomic Weig	ht: 24	Atomi	ic Number:	11
Part 2 - RAD	DIATION CHARACTERISTICS			
Physical Half	f-Life: 15.0 hours e is not required if the amount of radi	oactive nuc	clides possessed is less than on	ne Exemption Quantity.
Principal Emissions	Approximate energies (MeV) and Intensities	Eeff (MeV)	Dose Rate at 1m Distance (mSv/hGBq)	Shielding Requires TVL Lead (cm)
Gamma & X-rays	1.369 (100%) 2.754 (100%) 3.8236EO		0.5237 0.5 (PF)	59.3 mm 4.378
Beta *	4.170	0.553	1000 mGy/h@10cm 831 @10cm (PF)	Range in Plexiglass 3.6cm
* Where Beta r	adiation is present, Bremsstrahlung ra	diation wil	l be produced. Shielding may	be required.
Progeny	Mg-24 (STABLE)			
Part 3 - DET	ECTION AND MEASUREMENT			
Method of Det	tection: 1) Geiger Mueller Tube 2) S	olid Seinti	llator, thick crystal	
Dosimetry:				
External: Tl	LD (whole body & skin) Extre	emity	Neutron	
Internal: G	onads, GI, Lungs			

Part 4 - PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

Low energy gamma radiation from sealed sources. No protective clothing is necessary for work with sealed sources.

Optimize time, distance, shielding. Manipulate sealed sources remotely to minimize extremity doses. Consult CNSC license for requirements concerning engineering controls, protective equipment, and special storage requirements.

Part 5 – CONTROL LEVELS Effective Dose Coefficients										
F (fast)		M (moderate)			S (slow)					
Ingestion	Inhalation	Ingestion		Inhalation		Ingestion	Inhalation			
4.3E-10	5.3E-10									
Maximum release Concentration (as on current form)		Atmosphere (Bq/m3) 30	Sewer Bq/L) 5000		Landfill/incinerator (Bq/Kg) 1000					
Exemption To	xicity 1 E+4 Bq									

Part 6- EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

The following is a guide for first responders. The following actions, including remediation, should be carried out by qualified individuals. In cases where life threatening injury has resulted, **first** treat the injury, **second** deal with personal decontamination.

Personal Decontamination Techniques

Wash well with soap and water and monitor skin

Do Not abrade skin, only blot dry

Decontamination of clothing and surfaces are covered under operating and emergency procedures

Spill and Leak Control

Alert everyone in the area

Confine the problem or emergency (includes the use of absorbent material)

Clear area

Summon Aid

Emergency Protective Equipment, Minimum Requirements

Gloves

Footwear Covers

Safety Glasses

Outer layer or easily removed protective clothing

Suitable respirator selected