## Homework 5 (MATH 2310-04)Name (Print):Due date: Thursday, March 13, 2014

1. Determine whether the given functions form a fundamental set of solutions.

a)  $f(\theta) = \cos(2\theta) - 2\cos^2(\theta); \quad g(\theta) = \cos(2\theta) + 2\sin^2(\theta).$ b)  $f(t) = e^{\lambda t} \cos(\mu t); \quad g(t) = e^{\lambda t} \sin(\mu t); \quad \mu \neq 0.$ 

2. Consider the differential equation

y''+8y'-9y = 0, y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 0.

- a) Find two solutions for this equation.
- b) Calculate the Wronskian to show that these two solutions form a fundamental set of solutions.
- c) Calculate the solution for the initial value problem by adopting the Wronskian for the calculation of  $c_1$  and  $c_2$ .
- 3. Consider the differential equation

 $x^{2}y''-x(x+2)y'+(x+2)y=0,$  y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 0.

- a) Verify that two solutions are given by  $y_1 = x$ ,  $y_2 = x e^x$ .
- b) Calculate the Wronskian to show that these two solutions form a fundamental set of solutions.
- c) Calculate the solution for the initial value problem by adopting the Wronskian for the calculation of  $c_1$  and  $c_2$ .