## Homework 7 (MATH 4300-01) Due date: Friday, Nov. 22, 2013

## Name (Print):

- 1. Consider the simple interest formula  $S_n = (1 + n p) S_0$  and the compound interest formula  $S_n = (1 + p / r)^n S_0$ . There are three options to earn interest. Company A offers simple interest at a rate of 6%. Company B offers compound interest at a 4% rate with a conversion period of one month. Company C offers compound interest at a 4% rate with a conversion period of three months.
  - a) Calculate for the three cases the amount on deposit after 5, 10, 15, and 20 years for any principal  $S_0$ .
  - b) Which interest offer maximizes the amount on deposit after 5, 10, 15, and 20 years?
- 2. A company deposits a sum of money  $S_0$  in a fund earning 100 p% interest compounded monthly. The company also deposits a sum  $S_0$  in this fund at the end of each conversion period.
  - a) Find the difference equation for this problem and its solution.
  - b) Simplify the solution for the case that  $p / r \ll 1$ .
- 3. In 1202 Fibonacci, a famous Italian mathematician who is known for the spreading of the Hindu-Arabic numeral system in Europe, was interested in the reproduction of rabbits. He considered the following conditions:
  - One male rabbit and one female rabbit have just been born.
  - A rabbit will reach sexual maturity after one month.
  - The gestation period of a rabbit is one month.
  - A female rabbit gives birth every month after reaching sexual maturity.
  - A female rabbit will always give birth to one male and one female rabbit.
  - Rabbits never die.
  - a) Calculate the number of the pairs of rabbits for the first five months.
  - b) Derive the difference equation that describes the number of the pairs of rabbits per month.
  - c) Solve the difference equation.
  - d) Calculate how many pairs of rabbits will there be a year from now.