FERPA

(Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act)

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, protects the privacy of education records, establishes the students’ rights to inspect their education records, provides guidelines for correcting inaccurate or misleading data through informal and formal hearings, and permits students to file complaints with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act Office (FERPA) concerning alleged failures of the institution to comply with the Act.

The following items are considered directory information and may be disclosed by the university in response to inquiries concerning individual students, whether the inquiries are in person, in writing, or over the telephone:

1. Name;
2. Affirmation of whether currently enrolled;
3. School, college, department, major, or division;
4. Dates of enrollment;
5. Degrees received;
6. Honors received;
7. Full or part-time status;
8. Local address and phone number;
9. Home address (permanent);
10. E-mail address;
11. Participation in officially recognized activities and sports;
12. Weight and height of members of athletic teams.

The University of Wyoming has the responsibility for effectively supervising any access to and/or release of official data/information about our students. However, because Wyoming has a Public Records Act, the above information may be released to any outside entity that requests it unless a student has requested that a Privacy Flag be placed on his or her records.

If you do not want any of the indicated information to be released to anyone outside the university, you need to complete a Request for Privacy Flag form and submit it to the Office of the Registrar. This form must be submitted no later than the 10th class day of the fall semester in order for your information not to be included in the printed Campus Directory.

A Privacy Flag means that your name will not be included in the printed Campus Directory and will not appear in the Web Student Directory. Your name will not be included in any news releases (including honor rolls or graduation). Also, information will not be released to prospective employers, insurance companies, credit agencies, etc. without your signed approval.

A Privacy Flag may be removed at any time by submitting a written and signed request to the Office of the Registrar.

Certain items of information about individual students are fundamental to the educational process and must be recorded. This recorded information concerning students may be used only by authorized university employees and only for clearly-defined educational purposes, must be safeguarded and controlled to avoid violations of personal privacy, and must be appropriately disposed of when the justification for its collection and retention no longer exists.

In this regard, the university is committed to protecting to the maximum extent possible the right of privacy of all individuals about whom it holds information, records, and files. Access to and release of directory information is restricted to the student concerned, to parents of dependent students (documentation must be provided), to others with the student’s written consent, to officials within the university, agencies for the university such as the National Student Clearinghouse, to a court of competent jurisdiction, to authorized educational authorities at the local, state, and federal level, and otherwise pursuant to law.

FERPA Annual Notice to Reflect Possible Federal and State Data Collection and Use

As of January 3, 2012, the U.S. Department of Education’s FERPA regulations expand the circumstances under which your education records and personally identifiable information (PII) contained in such records — including your Social Security Number, grades, or other private information — may be accessed without your consent. First, the U.S. Comptroller General, the U.S. Attorney General, the U.S. Secretary of Education, or state and local education authorities (“Federal and State Authorities”) may allow access to your records and PII without your consent to any third party designated by a Federal or State Authority to evaluate a federal- or state-supported education program. The evaluation may relate to any program that is “principally engaged in the provision of education,” such as early childhood education and job training, as well as any program that is administered by an education agency or institution. Second, Federal and State Authorities may allow access to your education records and PII without your consent to researchers performing certain types of studies, in certain cases even when we object to or do not request such research. Federal and State Authorities must obtain certain use-restriction and data security promises from the entities that they authorize to receive your PII, but the Authorities need not maintain direct control over such entities. In addition, in connection with Statewide Longitudinal Data Systems, State Authorities may collect, compile, permanently retain, and share without your consent PII from your education records, and they may track your participation in education and other programs by linking such PII to other personal information about you that they obtain from other Federal or State data sources, including workforce development, unemployment insurance, child welfare, juvenile justice, military service, and migrant student records systems.