

# School of Energy Resources Speakers:

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Enhanced Oil Recovery Institute

# **Class VI Wells in Wyoming**





#### Disclaimer

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# Class VI Permitting in Wyoming

Class VI: A well permitted for long-term geologic storage of CO<sub>2</sub>

#### Regulated by Wyoming DEQ

- ✓ In September 2020, Wyoming was granted primacy under section 1422 of the SDWA; the decision was effective October 9, 2020 (85 Fed. Reg. 64053)\*
- ✓ No Class VI wells have been permitted yet in Wyoming
- ✓ Designed to protect Underground Sources of Drinking Water (USDW); the program is not intended to protect any other environmental or human receptors
- ✓ EPA continues to oversee the program in all primacy states

#### Application Requirements Fall into Two Broad Buckets

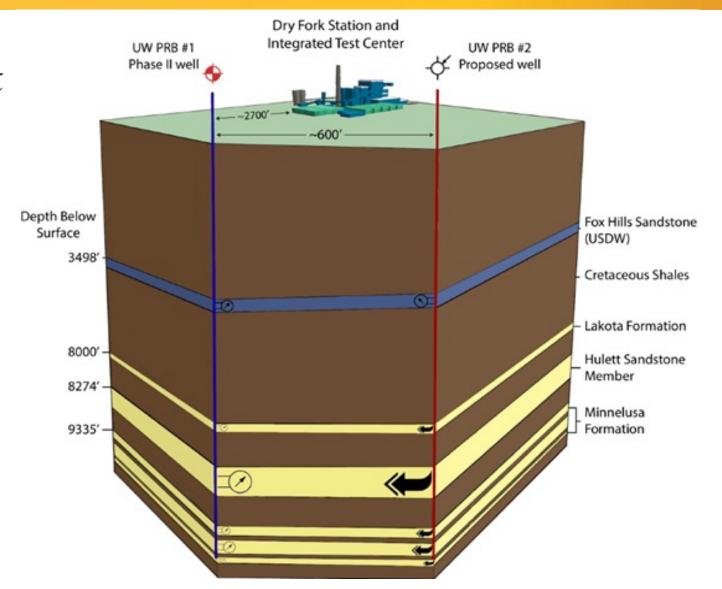
- ✓ Geologic and Technical
- ✓ Administrative (i.e., law, policy, financial, commercial)



# Conceptual Model-Geologic and Technical

#### Technical elements of the permit

- ✓ Subsurface
- ✓ Surface
- ✓ Operations
- ✓ Closure
- ✓ Others





# Application approach – Geologic and Technical

# General Technical Work Flow Legacy Data Collection and Analysis Underground Source of Drinking Water (USDW) Determination Modeling and CO<sub>2</sub> Injection Simulations Area of Review (AoR) Determination Risk Assessment and Corrective Action Strategy MVA Strategy Compile and Submit a Class VI Permit to Drill Site Specific Field Operations and Data Collection (Baseline Monitoring/Well Specific) Update Models and Programs with Field/Operational Data



# Sources of data – Geologic and Technical (cont.)

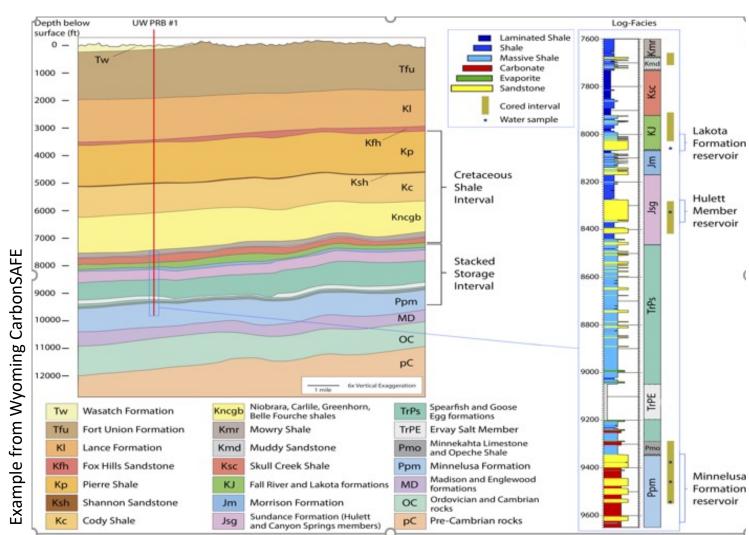
- Well Locations, Logs and Formation Tops (<a href="http://pipeline.wyo.gov/legacywogcce.cfm">http://pipeline.wyo.gov/legacywogcce.cfm</a>)
- Water Quality (USGS Produced Waters Database)
   <a href="https://www.sciencebase.gov/catalog/item/imap/59d25d63e4bo5feo4cc235f9">https://www.sciencebase.gov/catalog/item/imap/59d25d63e4bo5feo4cc235f9</a>
- Seismic Data (https://www.seismicexchange.com/)
- Core Data (https://www.usgs.gov/core-science-systems/nggdp/core-research-center)
- Aquifer Descriptions (WWDC Groundwater Reports)
   <a href="https://waterplan.state.wy.us/plan/groundwater/groundwater-reports.html">https://waterplan.state.wy.us/plan/groundwater/groundwater-reports.html</a>)
- Groundwater Supply Wells (WY SEO <a href="https://sites.google.com/a/wyo.gov/seo/">https://sites.google.com/a/wyo.gov/seo/</a>)
- General Spatial Data (WY GISC geology, faults/fractures, land ownership, mineral ownership, etc. <u>http://www.uwyo.edu/wygisc/</u>



#### General and Site Geology

- Geologic report from available sources
  - Injection and confining zones
- Structural and isopach maps, cross sections
- Faults and fractures: location and extent
- Seismic history
- Geomechanical and geochemical analysis

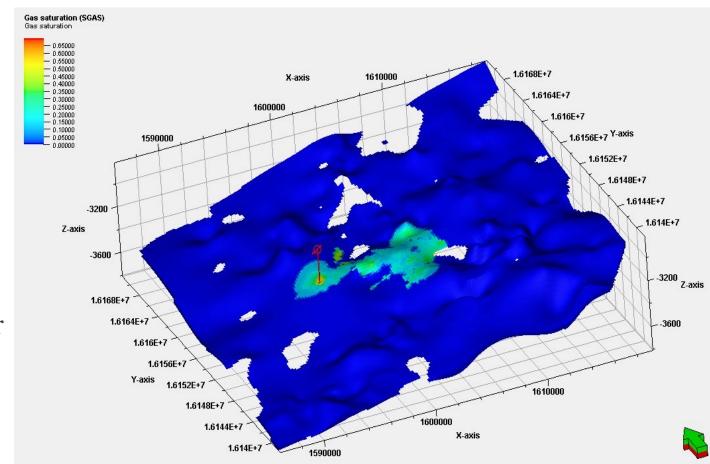
Data sufficient to demonstrate effectiveness of the injection and confining zone





#### Modeling and Simulations

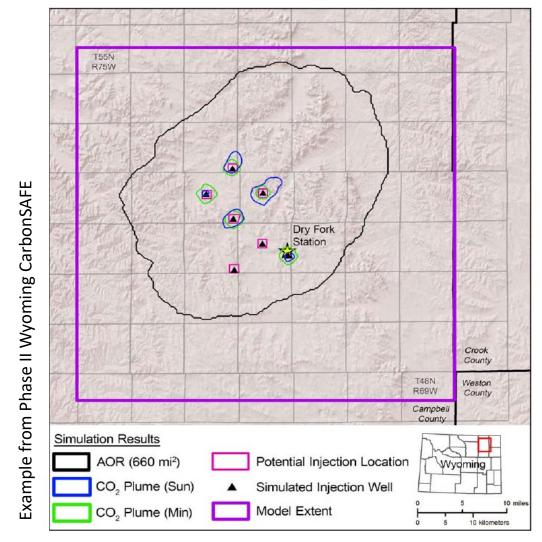
- Life-cycle injection simulations (each well)
- Proof of confinement
- AoR (CO<sub>2</sub> and pressure plumes)
- Effects of pressure management
- Modeling and simulations through the project life-cycle
  - Updated with site well, MVA data
- Software not specifically stipulated
- Enough geologic data (legacy or new) to characterize the injection/confining and other zones
  - Certified by P.G. and P.E.





#### Determining Area of Review:

- Subsurface 3-D extent of CO<sub>2</sub> plume, pressure front, and displaced fluids
- Include all available data from logging and testing (within 1 mile) of the AoR
- Based on modeling

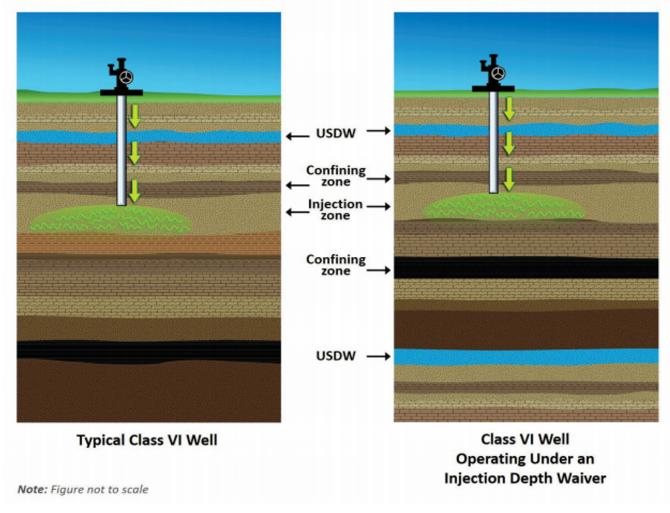




#### Groundwater/Aquifer Characterization

- Characterization of the injection zone and aquifers above and below
- Baseline geochemical data on subsurface formations, including all USDWs
- Identifying the lowermost USDW
- Injection Depth Waiver
  - ✓ Requires a supplemental report





#### Monitoring, Verification and Assessment

- ✓ MVA for environmental surveillance and excursion detection, prevention, and control programs
  - Lifecycle MVA to include post-injection phase
  - During operations monitoring needs to focus on both injection zone(s) and USDW(s)
    - i. Injection zone(s): direct or indirect measurement of the plume extent
    - ii. USDW(s): direct monitoring of groundwater quality, geochemical changes and pressure
    - iii. Injection pressure: direct measurement of rate and volume, pressure on the annulus between the tubing and casing, corrosion monitoring of the well materials, and other insitu well tests
    - iv. Could include soil gas and surface air monitoring



#### Risk Assessment and Corrective Action

- ✓ Wyoming DEQ provides a Risk Activity Matrix (Environmental Quality, Dept. of Water Quality, Chapter 24: Class VI Injection Wells and Facilities Underground Injection Control Program Appendix A)
  - Legacy wells, geologic structure, confining zones, ownership, operations, etc.
  - Corrective action strategy to include remediation strategies for risk(s)
    - Possibly prior to injection or phased



#### Additional Requirements

- ✓ Operational data
- ✓ Testing and Monitory Requirements
- ✓ Completion Requirements
  - Exceed standards developed for such materials by the American Petroleum Institute, ASTM International, or accepted by the Administrator
- ✓ Plugging and Abandonment



# Application Requirements – Administrative (i.e., law, policy, financial, commercial)

- Separate statutes/others laws continue to apply to projects
  - ✓ Class VI is focused on USDWs
- Class VI permitting requires a variety of plans
  - ✓ Corrective Action Plan
  - ✓ Testing & Monitoring Plan
  - ✓ Well Plugging Plan
  - ✓ Emergency & Remedial Response Plan
- Financial responsibility considerations
- Reporting considerations
- Permit timing considerations
- Public notice/public participation considerations
- Commercial considerations
  - Project finance (e.g., California's Low Carbon Fuel Standard; section 45Q; other)



#### For More Information –

- EPA's Class VI Website, Regulations & Voluminous Guidance Documents
- Wyoming's Class VI Regulations (Wyoming Administrative Rules; DEQ; Water Quality Chapter 24)





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