



Description> Applies to Bituminous Pavement> Specification Types> Quality Assurance> Specification Types> 2021 Specification Book> Contractor: Quality Acceptance Testing> WYDOT: Quality Verification Testing

Personnel Requirements
 Documented experience and training fo mix design testing – AASHTO Accreditation Req'd
≻QC Supervisor
 Capable of reviewing and interpreting test data and taking the appropriate actions to ensure quality
 Certification is preferred

۶	QA/QV Testing Technicians Must be qualified
۶	Qualified Testing Technician at the production site:
	Aggregate production Bituminous pavement production
۶	Work reviewed and signed by Certified Testing Technician
۶	Check specification for each particular project

Level of Control	
≻ Shown on plans	
≻ Function of:	
► Traffic	
Type of Construction	
► Type of Facility	
► Type of Funding	
Quantity of Material	
1	
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Tes	Table 4 ting Re	01.4.23 equirer	3-1 <u>nents</u>			
	Table	e 401.4.23-1 Requirements				
TEST	LVEL OF CONTROL					
PROCEDURE	2	3	4	5		
	Quality Accepta	nce-Mix Production ^e				
Mix Volumetrics	2 locations on first day & 1 location each 5000 ton [5000 t] thereafter	2 locations on first day & 1 location each day thereafter until no further corrective actions are required	No tests required	No tests required		
Virgin Aggregate	1 lot/5000 ton	1 lot/5000 ton	1 lot/5000 ton	No tests		
Gradation	[1 lot/5000 t]	[1 lot/5000 t]	[1 lot/5000 t] (1)	required		
Asphalt Binder Content	1/day	1/day	1/day	No tests		
Virgin Aggregate-LL; PI; Coarse Aggregate Angularity (Fractured Faces); Fine Aggregate Angularity; Flat & Elongated ⁽⁷⁾	1/1000 ton [1/1000 t] min.	1/1000 ton [1/1000 t] min.	No tests required	No tests required		
Moisture Content of Virgin Aggregate/ Hydrated Lime; Moisture Content of Mix	1/day min.	1/day min.	No tests required	No tests required		
	Verification-	Mix Production				
Mix Volumetrics	Split sample required but no test frequency specifically required	Split sample required but no test frequency specifically required	No tests required	No tests required		
Virgin Aggregate Gradation	1/lot	1/lot	No tests required	No tests required		
Asphalt Binder Content	No tests required	No tests required	No tests required	No tests required		
Virgin Aggregate-LL, PI, Coarse and Fine Aggregate Angularity; Moisture Content of Virgin Aggregate/ Hydrated Lime; Moisture Content of Mix; Flat and Elongated	1/mix design ^(t)	1/mix design ⁽⁰⁾	No tests required	No tests required		



		Table	401.4.23-2			
In-Place Density Test Requirements						
Requirement		In-Pl	ace Density Des	ignation	1	
	1	п	ш	IV	v	
Density ⁽¹⁾	[1 lot /1500 t] of produced material.	mix compacted to ≥ 92.0% of voidless unit weight.	mix compacted until a nuclear density gauge indicates the mix no longer increases in compaction.	pneumatic tire and 5 passes ⁽²⁾ of a steel wheel roller in accordance with Subsection 210.3.6, Roller.	of a steel whee roller in vibratory mode in accordance with Subsection 210.3.6, Roller.	
Test Strip	Required	Not required	Not required	Not required	Not required	
Quality Acceptance Testing	1 lot/1500 ton [1 lot/1500/t]	1 test/200 ton [1 test/200 t]	No tests required	No tests required	No test required	
Verification Testing	1/lot	No tests required	No tests required	No tests required	No test required	



 Job Mix Formula	
> WYDOT 401.4.1.2 > Contractor – JMF and Mix Design	
≻ WYDOT – Approval	
 > Will include: • Single % passing each sieve • Single asphalt content • Single mixing and compaction temperature (MTM 414.0) 	
1	Section 9 9

Job Mix Formula (Continued)	
≻ Table 401.4.1-1	
Virgin Aggregate Tolerances	
◆Passing #4 (4.75 mm) and larger	±5%
◆Passing #8	±4%
◆Passing #30	±3%
◆Passing #200 (0.075 mm)	±2%
> JMF + tolerance shall be within band specified	
Liquid anti stripping agents might be u instead of lime.	ised
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Mix Design
➢ Performed by:
▶ Contractor
▶ Private Lab
Fourteen days prior to paving
 Sampling (proper sampling & splitting) Split samples
Contractor Mix design WYDOT verification
No paving without Materials Program approval
> Marshall - WYDOT MTM 414.0
> Superpave - WYDOT MTM 414.0

Department Furnished Sources
➢ Maybe Provided for Information Only
LAR of coarse aggregate
Gradation of each fraction
Combined gradation
% of each fraction in combined

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I

Mix Design Data	
◆Marshall stability	
Marshall flow	
↓% VMA	
↓% Air Voids	
◆TSR from AASHTO T-283	

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Marshall	Tal and Super	ble 401.4.1	-2 t Mix Pro	perties ⁽¹⁾		
D	1	Class				
Property	I-M	II-M	III-M	1-5	II-S	ш
Number of Marshall Blows	75	75	50			
Marshall Stability (lbs [N]) minimum	2500 [11 000]	2500 [11 000]	2000 [9000]			
Marshall Flow (0.01 in [0.25 mm])	8-16 [8-16]	8-16 [8-16]	8-16 [8-16]			
Number of Superpave Gyrations				100	75	50
% Voids in Laboratory Mix	5.0-6.0	4.0-5.0	4.0-5.0	4.0-5.0	4.0-5.0	4.0-
% Voids in Production Mix	4.0-6.0	3.0-5.0	2.5-5.0	3.0-5.0	3.0-5.0	2.5-
Dust/Effective Asphalt Binder	0.8-1.4	0.8-1.4	0.8-1.4	0.8-1.4	0.8-1.4	0.8-1
Minimum % Asphalt Binder	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Minimum Tensile Strength Retained %	75	75	75	75	75	75
Film Thickness µm ⁽²⁾	6-12	6-12	6-12	6-12	6-12	6-13
Voids Filled with Asphalt Binder (VFA)				65-75	65-78	65-7
Aggregate/Lime Moisture Content, % Minimum	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Mixture Moisture Content, % Maximum	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5



(VMA) Table 401.4.1-3								
		T-bl- 401 4 1 2						
	Percent V	Table 401.4.1-5	areaste					
	I creent v	Voids in Mineral	Aggregate (%)					
	Maximum Nominal Size							
Class	1 in	¾ in	½ in	⅔ in				
	[25 mm]	[19 mm]	[12.5 mm]	[9.50 mn				
		Laboratory Mix						
I-M, II-M, I-S, II-S	12.0-15.0	13.0-16.0	14.0-17.0	14.0-17.				
III-M, III-S	11.0-14.0	12.0-15.0	13.0-16.0	13.0-16.				
		Production Mix						
		12.0-16.0	13.0 - 17.0	13.0-17.				
I-M, II-M, I-S, II-S	11.0-15.0							



Gradatio	Ta Boguiromon	able 803.5.5-1	nd Suparnava	Mixoo
Grauation	Requirement		lu Superpave	WILKES
Sieve	1 in	¾ in	½ in	3/8 in
1 ¼ inch	100			
1 inch	90-100	100		
¾ inch	65-90	90-100	100	
½ inch	50-85	55-90	90-100	100
3/8 inch	40-75	45-85	55-90	90-10
No. 4	30-60	30-65	35-70	45-85
No. 8	20-45	20-50	20-55	30-65
No. 30	5-25	5-30	5-35	10-40
No. 200	2-7	2-7	2-7	2-7



Testing Technicians Correlations
≻ WYDOT 114.3.3.1
Prior to any testing, a meeting will be held between responsible parties and testing technicians
≻ Aggregate Tests (WYDOT 14.3.3.2)
► During first Lot
 May be done during crushing if combined samples available
Procedure
 Based on five tests
 Split samples – independent testing
Contractor
• WYDOT
Referee – if necessary





Testing Technicians Correlations (continued)
▶ Seven locations – 2 cores/each
 Independent testing for S.G. and density
• WYDOT
 Contractor
◆Evaluated with WYDOT MTM 423.0
If samples correlate
QC/QA verification begins
If no agreement
 Resolution procedure
 Soution 0, 10



Dispute Resolution (continued	I)
 Referee Testing Aggregate – Retained samples Density – WYDOT cores Results – 1 week For Quality Acceptance Group correlating with materials Program 	
	Section 9 - 21

Mix Design Correlation	
 ≻ Laboratory Requirements	
AASHTO accreditation required	
Approval by Materials Program	
≻ Procedures	
 Results compared with multi-lab precision statements 	
1	
	Section 9 - 22



Mix Design Dispute Resolution
➢ Procedures (WYDOT 114.2)
Meet to review testing, equipment, etc
▶ If resolved:
♦ Written agreement
In project file
1 Section 0: 14
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Mix Design Dispute Resolution (continued)	
▶ If unresolved:	
◆Third party selected	
 Mutual agreement 	
◆Lab correlating with third party lab to be used)
► Cost of third party testing	
 WYDOT if Contractor confirmed 	
 Contractor if WYDOT confirmed 	
l Section 0	25





Difference	is not OK
 Enginee samples 	r test rest of verification for lot
Determine acceptanc performed	if both samples use for and new correlation
Contractor	s results not used until nev accepted
lf verificati only paid 1	on sample indicated bonus st lot

	Table (MTM417.0)				
(Grading	g (Nomina	al Max	Size)	
	1"	3/4"	1/2"	3/8"	PMWC
Sieve	Allow	able Diffe	erence	(% Pa	assing)
1 ¼"	1.5				
1"	2	1.5			
3/4"	3	2	1.5		
1/2"	3.4	3	2	1.5	1.5
3/8"	3.4	3.4	3.4	2	2
No. 4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4
No. 8	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
No. 30	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	
No. 200	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2



	Definition of Lot
	> Gradation
	Quantity represented by 5 tests
	Maximum tonnage: 5000t, Table 401.4.12-1
	► Unusual conditions
	◆Quantity represented by 3 to 7 tests
	Single lot may span several days
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 In – place Density Quantity represented by 7 tests Maximum tonnage:1500 t, Table 401.4.12-2 Single lot may span several days Asphalt Content One day's production 	 Definition of Lot (continued)
 Quantity represented by 7 tests Maximum tonnage:1500 t, Table 401.4.12-2 Single lot may span several days Asphalt Content One day's production 	≻In – place Density
 Maximum tonnage:1500 t, Table 401.4.12-2 Single lot may span several days > Asphalt Content > One day's production 	Quantity represented by 7 tests
 ► Single lot may span several days ➤ Asphalt Content ► One day's production 	▶ Maximum tonnage:1500 t, Table 401.4.12-2
 ≻ Asphalt Content ► One day's production 	► Single lot may span several days
► One day's production	≻Asphalt Content
	One day's production
1	
	1

Sampling
≻ Gradation
► One sample/sublot
• QA one extra sample for verification
▶ Random location
Contractor samples – Engineer directs
▶ Conveyor sample
▶ 30 lbs
 Samples must be taken in the presence of an engineer
 Section 9 - 33

≻ Density
 Seven samples – 2 per sublot (one for acceptance, one for verification)
► Core samples
 Random locations contractor samples engineer directs
No test less than 1 ft from any edge
 Cores must be taken in the presence of the engineer



WYDOT (401.4.19.5) > Contractor samples; Engineer observes > Immediate custody by engineer > From line between storage tank and drum during placement of mix > A minimum of 1 gal shall be drawn from sampling value and discarded > Line materials shall be circulating		Asphalt Sampling
 Immediate custody by engineer From line between storage tank and drum during placement of mix A minimum of 1 gal shall be drawn from sampling value and discarded Line materials shall be circulating 	≻C	WYDOT (401.4.19.5)
 From line between storage tank and drum during placement of mix A minimum of 1 gal shall be drawn from sampling value and discarded Line materials shall be circulating 	≻Im	mediate custody by engineer
A minimum of 1 gal shall be drawn from sampling value and discarded	> Fr	om line between storage tank and drum
A minimum of 1 gal shall be drawn from sampling value and discarded	du	iring placement of mix
> Line materials shall be circulating	⊳A sa	minimum of 1 gal shall be drawn from mpling value and discarded
	≻Li	ne materials shall be circulating

Asphalt Sampling (continued)
 > Two, 1 quart containers representing 100 ton or one sublot
Sampling shall be random; locations determined by engineer
Engineer will retain all samples for a lot until receipt of the last sample.
> The Resident Engineer will retain referee containers as a referee sample from each sample.
Projects less than 100 ton, no sampling is required

Pay Factor
➢ Determined by the Engineer
≻Aggregate Gradation
 Based on Gradation Quality Level Analysis
▶ Calculated according to WYDOT 113.1
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	Pay Factor
≻Asphalt	Content
▶ Basis	- Asphalt Used vs. Production
▶ Lot si	ze = 1 day's production of mix
%	$AC = \frac{AC USED}{Total PMP} x \ 100$
AC Used remaini	= AC on hand + AC delivered – AC ng at day's end
⊾ Pay F	actor out of Table 401.5.3-3

ariance of Actual Asphalt Content from design Asphalt Content	Pay Factor
0.00 - 0.25	1.00
0.26 - 0.30	0.95
0.31 - 0.35	0.90
0.36 - 0.40	0.85
0.41 - 0.45	0.80
0.46 - 0.50	0.75
≥ 0.51	Reject









Quality	Index	Pav	Quality	Index	Pav	Quality	Index	Pav
From	To	Factor	From	To	Factor	From	To	Factor
	< 0.00	Reject	0.50	0.53	0.67	1.08	1.11	0.85
0.01	0.01	0.50	0.54	0.56	0.68	1.12	1.14	0.86
0.02	0.04	0.51	0.57	0.59	0.69	1.15	1.18	0.87
0.05	0.07	0.52	0.60	0.62	0.70	1.19	1.21	0.88
0.08	0.10	0.53	0.63	0.65	0.71	1.22	1.25	0.89
0.11	0.13	0.54	0.66	0.69	0.72	1.26	1.28	0.90
0.14	0.16	0.55	0.70	0.72	0.73	1.29	1.31	0.91
0.17	0.19	0.56	0.73	0.75	0.74	1.32	1.34	0.92
0.20	0.22	0.57	0.76	0.78	0.75	1.35	1.37	0.93
0.23	0.25	0.58	0.79	0.82	0.76	1.38	1.40	0.94
0.26	0.28	0.59	0.83	0.85	0.77	1.41	1.43	0.95
0.29	0.31	0.60	0.86	0.88	0.78	1.44	1.46	0.96
0.32	0.34	0.61	0.89	0.91	0.79	1.47	1.49	0.97
0.35	0.37	0.62	0.92	0.95	0.80	1.50	1.52	0.98
0.38	0.40	0.63	0.96	0.98	0.81	1.53	1.55	0.99
0.41	0.43	0.64	0.99	1.01	0.82	1.56	3.57	1.00
0.44	0.46	0.65	1.02	1.04	0.83		> 3.58	1.10
0.47	0.49	0.66	1.05	1.07	0.84			





Dynamic Shear G*/Sinō), original PGAB, digh Grade emp., kPa	Dynamic Shear (G*/Sinō), RTFO residue, High grade tem p., kPa	Creep Stiffness (S), PAV residue, Low grade tem p. +10°C, MPa	Creep Slope (m-value), PAV residue, Low grade temp. +10°C unit less	Elastic Recovery, RTFO residue, 77°F, %	Pay Factor
≥ 0.90	≥1.98	≤311	≥0.094	≥55	1.00
0.89	1.97 -1.95	312 - 315	0.293 - 0.291	54	0.95
0.88 - 0.87	1.94 - 1.91	316 - 320	0.290 - 0.288	53	0.90
0.86	1.90 - 1.88	321 - 324	0.287 - 0.285	52	0.85
0.85 - 0.84	1.87 - 1.85	325 - 329	0.284 - 0.282	51	0.80
0.83	1.84 - 1.82	330 - 333	0.281 - 0.280	50	0.75
0.82 - 0.81	1.81 - 1.78	334 - 337	0.279 - 0.277	49	0.70
0.8	1.77 - 1.75	338 - 342	0.276 - 0.274	48	0.65
0.79 - 0.78	1.74 - 1.72	343 - 346	0.273 - 0.271	47	0.60
0.77	1.71 - 1.68	347 - 351	0.270 - 0.268	46	0.55
0.76 - 0.75	1.67 - 1.65	352 - 355	0.267 - 0.265	45	0.50
< 0.75	<1.65	≥355	< 0.265	<45	REJEC



Pay Adjustments

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Aggregate Gradation:} \\ \mbox{PA}_{A}{=}~0.67 \times \mbox{PMP} \times (\mbox{PF}_{A}{-}1) \times (\mbox{LS}_{A}{-}\mbox{AP}_{O}) \\ \mbox{PA}_{A}{=}~0.67 \times \mbox{PMP}_{AP} \times (\mbox{PF}_{A}{-}1) \times (\mbox{LS}_{A}{-}\mbox{ML}_{O}) \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Aggregate Gradation For Recycle:} \\ PA_{A} = 0.67 \times RPMP \times (RPF-1) \times (LS_{A}\text{-}AP_{O}) \\ PA_{A} = 0.67 \times PMP_{AP} \times (RPF-1) \times (LS_{A}\text{-}ML_{O}) \end{array}$

In-Place Density: PA_D = 1.33 x PMP x (PF_D-1) x LS_D

Asphalt Content: $PA_{AC} = 0.67 \times PMP \times (PF_{AC}-1) \times (LS_{AC}-AP_{Q})$ $PA_{AC} = 0.67 \times PMP_{AC} \times (PF_{AC}-1) \times (LS_{AC}-MP_{Q})$