

**Section 7**  
**Admixtures, Hot & Cold Weather Concreting**



**WMTC Concrete Training & Certification Seminar**

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**Types of Admixtures**

**Air-entraining Agents**

(ASTM C260, AASHTO M154)

**Chemical Admixtures**

(ASTM C494, AASHTO M194)

- Type A Water-reducing
- Type B Retarding
- Type C Accelerating
- Type D Water-reducing & Retarding
- Type E Water-reducing & Accelerating
- Type F Water-reducing, High Range
- Type G Water-reducing, High Range & Retarding

**Supplementary Cementitious Materials**

- Pozzolans - Fly Ashes (Types F & C)
- Natural Pozzolans
- Silica Fume
- Ground, Granulated Blast-furnace Slag (GGBFS)

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**Requirements for Admixtures**

- No chemical composition requirements
- Must meet specified physical requirements as set by ASTM or AASHTO
- Must be approved by WYDOT

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## Chemical Admixture Summary

All admixtures are somewhat sensitive to concrete temperature

*As the temperature of the mix increases, the effectiveness of the admixture decreases, so ...*

- As temperature increases, may need to increase dosage rate for same effects
- As temperature decreases, may need to reduce dosage rate for same effects

All admixtures are somewhat sensitive to brands, types, mix design, cement composition and batching sequence

***If anything changes, then expect different performance from admixtures***

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## Hot & Cold Weather Concreting

*Rate of hydration is sensitive to temperature of the fresh concrete*

Hydration – chemical reaction between portland cement & water

Temperature



Rate of Hydration



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## **How Do We Define Hot Weather?**

Any combination of the following that impair quality of freshly mixed or hardened concrete

- High air temperatures
- High concrete temperatures
- Low relative humidity
- Wind velocity
- Solar radiation

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These conditions will accelerate ...

**Rate of Cement Hydration  
and  
Rate of Moisture Loss**

Knowing this is the *key* to understanding  
how to handle hot weather concreting

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**Hot Weather Increases  
Water Demand**



Amount of water to produce a  
given slump increases with  
increasing concrete  
temperature

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If fresh concrete temperature  
increases 10°F, then

- About 1 gal/cuyd is needed to maintain slump
- Air content decreases about 1%
- Decreases strength from 150 psi to 200 psi

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## Air Content & Fresh Concrete Temperature



Less air is entrained as the concrete temperature increases.

- Monitor fresh concrete air test & concrete temperature
- Offset loss of air by increasing dosage of air-entraining admixtures

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## Plastic Shrinkage Cracks




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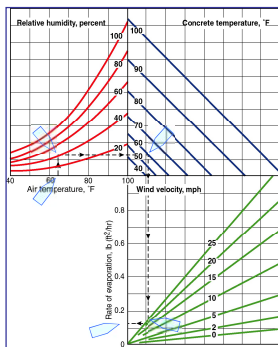
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## Evaporation Chart (SSRBC Figure 513.4.2-2)



### Instructions

1. Air temperature (65F)
2. Relative humidity (40%)
3. Concrete temperature (60F)
4. Wind velocity (20 mph)
5. Read evaporation rate

**0.13 lb sqft per hr**

When evaporation exceeds 0.2 lbs(sqft per hr), take precautions.  
(SSRBC 513.4.2.5)

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Foggers

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**Water Reducing & Retarding Admixtures**

- **Type B – Water Reducing**
  - Delays setting & hardening from 1 to 3½ hrs
- **Type D - Water Reducing & Retarding**
  - Reduces water content 5% min.
  - Retards set from 1 to 3½ hrs
- **Type G – Water Reducing & Retarding**
  - Reduces water 12% to 30%
  - Retards set from 1 to 3½ hrs

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**Cold Weather Objectives ...**

- 1. Protect from Early Age Freezing**
- 2. Strength Development**
- 3. Prevent Thermal Shock & Cracking**

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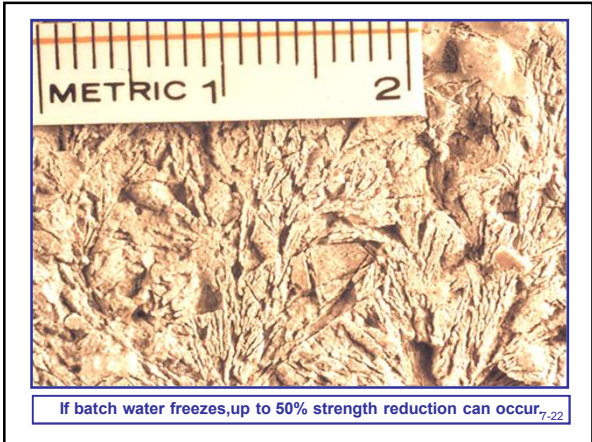
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**Mix Design Options**

- Type III portland cement
- Additional portland cement  
(100 to 200 lbs cuyd) can increase shrinkage & curling, especially if cement content exceeds 600 to 625 lbs/cy
- Hot water & heated aggregates
- Chemical admixtures (non-chloride)

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**Chemical Accelerators**

- **Type C - Accelerator (non-chloride)**
- **Type E – Water-Reducer & Accelerator**
  - Offsets slow set times
  - Aids finishing process
  - Reduces bleed water
  - May contain some chlorides (check project limits)

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## Maintaining Curing Temperatures

### Insulate & Capture Heat of Hydration

- Internal heat generate for first 3 days
- Want to capture as much as possible

### Supply Heat (\$\$\$)

- Hydronic Systems
- Electric (Heat) Blankets
- Heated Enclosures

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Cover fresh concrete ASAP but don't damage finish



Want to capture heat of hydration to maintain cure temperature.

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**Wind?**

Plan ahead on how you will hold blankets in place.



Insulation value of blue tarp?

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