

2004 Wyoming *Phytophthora ramorum* Survey Summary

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* Generated by Wyoming Pest Detection Program -www.uwyo.edu/capsweb

COUNTY	SAMPLES TESTED FOR P. RAMORUM			# DIFFERENT SPECIES NEGATIVE - VISUALLY	# GREENHOUSES WITH NO HOSTS
	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	PENDING		
ALBANY	0	0	0	0	0
BIG HORN	0	0	0	0	0
CAMPBELL	0	0	0	0	0
CARBON	0	0	0	0	0
CONVERSE	0	0	0	0	1
CROOK	0	0	0	0	0
FREMONT	10	0	0	10	0
GOSHEN	0	0	0	0	0
HOT SPRINGS	5	0	0	3	0
JOHNSON	0	0	0	0	4
LARAMIE	23	0	0	7	2
LINCOLN	6	0	0	6	0
NATRONA	16	0	0	9	2
NIOBRARA	0	0	0	0	0
PARK	10	0	0	19	0
PLATTE	0	0	0	0	0
SHERIDAN	10	0	0	8	0
SUBLETTE	0	0	0	0	0
SWEETWATER	2	0	0	3	1
TETON	6	0	0	5	0
UINTA	5	0	0	1	0
WASHAKIE	0	0	0	0	0
WESTON	0	0	0	0	0
YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	93	0	0	71	10

P. ramorum was not found in Wyoming

**174 Survey activities for P. ramorum were conducted
in 12 Wyoming Counties**

93 Samples were tested for P. ramorum

71 Species were visually surveyed and were negative for P. ramorum
in 10 Wyoming Counties

10 Greenhouses were visited that had no host material for inspection
in 5 Wyoming Counties

43 Establishments had survey activity for P. ramorum

* One minimum requirement sample of Charles Joly Lilac from Laramie County tested positive in two ELISA tests at UW. Later DNA testing of the sample by the USDA lab determined that it was negative for *P. ramorum*.

* The ELISA test only indicates the presence of *Phytophthora* species; DNA is needed to determine if the sample has *P. ramorum* specifically. It is not uncommon for a lilac to have another type of *Phytophthora* infection.