A. General Information

A0 Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

A0	Name:	Suzie Waggoner		
A0	Title:	Institutional Research Analyst III		
A0	Office:	Institutional Analysis		
A0	Mailing Address:	Dept. 3314, 1000 E. University Ave.		
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A0	Phone:	307-766-2895		
A0	Fax:	307-766-3289		
A0	E-mail Address:	scash@uwyo.edu		
A0	Are your responses to the CDS posted for	Yes		
	reference on your institution's Web site?			
A0				

A0A We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.

1 Address Information

A 1	Name of College/University:	University of Wyoming
A1	Mailing Address:	1000 E. University Ave.
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Laramie/WY/82071/USA
A1	Street Address (if different):	
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	
A1	Main Phone Number:	307-766-1121
A1	WWW Home Page Address:	https://www.uwyo.edu/
A1	Admissions Phone Number:	307-766-5160
A1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	1-800-342-5996
A1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:	1000 E. University Ave., Dept. 3435
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Laramie/WY/82071/USA
A1	Admissions Fax Number:	307-766-4042
A1	Admissions E-mail Address:	admissions@uwyo.edu
A1		
	If there is a separate URL for your school's	https://www.uwyo.edu/admissions/apply.html
	online application, please specify:	
A1	If you have a mailing address other than the	
	above to which applications should be sent,	
	please provide:	

A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

A2	Public	X
A2	Private (nonprofit)	
Α2	Proprietary	

A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

A3	Coeducational college	X
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	

A4 Academic year calendar:

A4	Semester	X
Α4	Quarter	

A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
A 4	Other (describe):	

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

Certificate	X
Diploma	
Associate	
Transfer Associate	
Terminal Associate	
Bachelor's	X
Postbachelor's certificate	X
Master's	X
Post-master's certificate	
Doctoral degree research/scholarship	X
Doctoral degree – professional practice	X
Doctoral degree other	
	Diploma Associate Transfer Associate Terminal Associate Bachelor's Postbachelor's certificate Master's Post-master's certificate Doctoral degree research/scholarship Doctoral degree professional practice

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

If you have a lf you have a diversity, equity, and inclusion office or department, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:

https://www.uwyo.edu/diversity/

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15,

- Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.
- For information on reporting study abroad students please see:
- https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/pdf/Reporting_Study_Abroad%20Students_5.31.17.pdf
- If your institution collects and reports non-binary gender data, please use the "Another Gender" category.
- In cases where gender information is not provided, please distribute across the two-binary categories.

		FULL-TIM	E	PART-TIME		
	Men	Women	Another Gender	Men	Women	Another Gender
Undergraduates						
Degree-seeking, first-time, first-						
year	636	768	30	12	15	2
Other first-year, degree-seeking						
All other degree-seeking	2,579	2,828	9	483	685	0
Total degree-seeking	3,215	3,596	39	495	700	2
All other undergraduates enrolled	0	1	0	78	122	2
Total undergraduates	3,215	3,597	39	573	822	4
Graduate						
Degree-seeking, first-time	246	331	7	76	211	0
All other degree-seeking	474	532	1	286	390	0
All other graduates enrolled in	3	2	0	26	77	1
Total graduate	723	865	8	388	678	1
Total all students	3,938	4,462	47	961	1,500	5

В1 Total all undergraduates

B1 Total all graduate

8,250 2,663 10,913

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category.

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2023.

- Include international students only in the category "Nonresidents."
- Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.
- Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."
- New guidance from IPEDS for reporting aggregate data:

Racial/ethnic designations are requested only for United States citizens, residents, and other eligible non-citizens. Eligible noncitizens include all students who completed high school or a GED equivalency within the United States (including DACA and undocumented students) and who were not on an F-1 non-immigrant student visa at the time of high school graduation.

More information about other eligible (for financial aid purposes) non-citizens is available at https://studentaid.gov/understandaid/eligibility/requirements/non-us-citizens.

Nonresident - A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a student visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely. Do not include DACA, undocumented, or other eligible noncitizens in this category.

NOTE - Nonresidents are to be reported separately, in the boxes provided, rather than included in any of the seven

	racial/ethnic categories or in race/ethnicity unk	nown.		
B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
B2	U.S. Nonresidents	10	120	122
B2	Hispanic/Latino	153	757	768
B2	Black or African American, non-Hispanic	16	82	83
B2	White, non-Hispanic	1,157	6,292	6,422
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispan	9	52	52
B2	Asian, non-Hispanic	10	90	95
B2	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non- Hispanic	2	9	9
B2	Two or more races, non-Hispanic	52	307	313
B2	Race and/or ethnicity unknown	54	338	386
B2	TOTAL	1,463	8,047	8,250

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2022, to June 30, 2023.

B 3	Certificate/diploma	70
B 3	Associate degrees	
B 3	Bachelor's degrees	2,126
B 3	Postbachelor's certificates	111
B 3	Master's degrees	540
B 3	Post-Master's certificates	
B 3	Doctoral degrees –	97
	research/scholarship	97
B 3	Doctoral degrees – professional	115
	practice	115
B 3	Doctoral degrees – other	
	Total degrees awarded	3,059

B4-B21: Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS).

 For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2023-2024 Survey. https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data/survey-components/9/graduation-rates

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- · Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- · Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the **Fall 2017** cohort if available. If Fall 2017 cohort data are not available, provide data for the **Fall 2016** cohort. **Fall 2017 Cohort**

		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	(sum of 3 columns to the left)
A	Initial 2017 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	343	238	1,103	1,684
В	Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; report total allowable exclusions	1	0	2	3
С	Final 2017 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	342	238	1,101	1,681
D	Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2021)	102	75	500	677
E	Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2021 and by Aug. 31, 2022)	48	29	186	263
F	Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2022 and by Aug. 31, 2023)	14	15	37	66
G	Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	164	119	723	1,006
Н	Six-year graduation rate for 2017 cohort (G divided by C)	48.0%	50.0%	65.7%	59.8%

^{*}Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

Fall 2016 Cohort

		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	(sum of 3 columns to the left)
A	Initial 2016 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	295	237	1,002	1,534
В	Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; report total allowable exclusions	1	1	1	3
С	Final 2016 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	294	236	1,001	1,531
D	Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2020)	91	86	422	599
E	Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2020 and by Aug. 31, 2021)	34	34	199	267
F	Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2021 and by Aug. 31, 2022)	7	8	51	66
G	Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	132	128	672	932
Н	Six-year graduation rate for 2016 cohort (G divided by C)	44.9%	54.2%	67.1%	60.9%

B22. Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2022 (or the preceding summer term).

- The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons:
- * Death
- * Permanent Disability
- * Service in the armed forces
- * Foreign aid service of the federal government
- * Official church missions
- * No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22 For the cohe	ort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who	
,	r institution as first-year students in Fall 2022 (or the preceding summer term), what was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment .	77%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

C1-C2: Applications

- C1 First-time, first-year students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2023.
 - Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort.
 - Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).
 - Since the total may include students who did not provide gender data, the detail need not sum to the total.
 - If your institution collects and reports non-binary gender data, please use the "Another Gender" category.
 - Note that recent high school graduates and other students without prior postsecondary experience will still be considered "first-time students" for fall enrollment reporting purposes even if they enrolled in the summer prior to fall enrollment.

	fall enrollment.	
C1	Total first-time, first-year men who applied	2,525
C1	Total first-time, first-year women who applied	2,933
	Total first-time, first-year of another gender who applied	0
	Total first-time, first-year unknown who applied	186
C1	Total first-time, first-year men who were admitted	2,451
C1	Total first-time, first-year women who were admitted	2,871
	Total first-time, first-year of another gender who were admitted	0
	Total first-time, first-year unknown who were admitted	176
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled	636
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled	12
	Total first-time, first-year men who enrolled	648
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled	768
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled	15
	Total first-time, first-year women who enrolled	783
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year of another gender who enrolled	30
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year of another gender who enrolled	2
	Total first-time, first-year of another gender who enrolled	32

Residency breakdowns for total first-time, first-year student applicants, admits, and enrolled students: Fall 2023

	First-Time, First-Year Applicants	In-State	Out-of-State	International	Unknown	Total
C1	Total who applied	1,607	3,943	93	1	5,644
C1	Total who were admitted	1,578	3,834	85	1	5,498
C1	Total enrolled	899	554	10	0	1,463

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		X

C3-C5: Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

C3	High school diplom	na is requir	ed and GED is	accepted	X
C3	High school diplom	na is requir	ed and GED is	not accepted	
C3	High school diplom	na or equiv	alent is not req	uired	

C4	Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking
	students?

C4	Require	X	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Required	Recommended
C5	Total academic units	19	19
C5	English	4	4
C5	Mathematics	4	4
C5	Science	4	4
C5	Of these, units that must be lab	3	3
C5	Foreign language		
C5	Social studies	3	3
C5	History		
C5	Academic electives		
C5	Computer Science		
C5	Visual/Performing Arts		
C5	Other (specify):	*4 additional years of coursework chosen from fine & performing arts, foreign language, or career-vocational education courses.	*4 additional years of coursework chosen from fine & performing arts, foreign language, or career-vocational education courses.

C6-C7: Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies: We do not have an open admission policy.

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

C 7		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
C7	Academic				
C7	Rigor of secondary school record	X			
C7	Class rank				X
C7	Academic GPA	X			
C7	Standardized test scores				X
C7	Application Essay			X	
C7	Recommendation(s)				X
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview				X
C7	Extracurricular activities				X
C7	Talent/ability				X
C7	Character/personal qualities				X
C7	First generation				X
C7	Alumni/ae relation				X
C7	Geographical residence				X
C7	State residency				X
C7	Religious affiliation/commitment				X
C7	Volunteer work				X
C7	Work experience				X
C7	Level of applicant's interest				X

Please provide additional information if the importance of any specific academic or nonacademic factors
differ by academic program.

C8: SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

		Yes	No	l
C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores			
	in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking		X	
	applicants?			

C8A Place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2023.

C8A		ADMISSION				
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Considered
C8A	SAT or ACT					X
C8A	ACT only					X
C8A	SAT only					X

C8B Has been removed from the CDS.

C8C Has been removed from the CDS.

C8D In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

C8D	Yes	No
	X	

C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term	N1/A
	admission	N/A

C8F If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students due to differences by academic program, student academic background, or if other examinations may be considered in lieu of the SAT and ACT):

C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

C8G	SAT	X-Math
C8G	ACT	X-Math
C8G	AP	X
C8G	CLEP	X
C8G	Institutional Exam	X-Math
C8G	State Exam (specify):	

C9-C12: First-time, First-year Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled**, **degree-seeking**, **full-time and part-time**, **first-time**, **first-year students** enrolled in Fall 2023, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2023 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. If a student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the data. For example: If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other).

If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.

	Percent submitting either SAT or ACT so	cores	82%		
C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	18%	Number submitt	ing SAT scores	260
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	66%	Number submitt	ing ACT scores	964

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25th percentile (the score that 25 percent of the first-time, first-year population scored at or below) and the 75th percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

C9		25th Percentile	50th Percentile	75th Percentile	Average
	SAT Composite	1035	1160	1260	1152
C9	SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	520	590	640	583
C9	SAT Math	520	570	630	568
C9	ACT Composite	20.5	24	27	23.9
	ACT Math	19	23	26	22.8
	ACT English	19	22	26	23.0
C9	ACT Writing				
C9	ACT Science				
C9	ACT Reading				

C9	SPercent of first-time, first-year students with scores in each range:					
C9		SAT Evidence- Based Reading and Writing	SAT Math	SAT Comp	osite	
C9	700-800	10.0%	6.5%	1400-1600	6.2%]
C9	600-699	36.3%	28.5%	1200-1399	35.8%	
C9	500-599	35.9%	48.1%	1000-1199	41.2%	
C9	400-499	17.0%	14.2%	800-999	16.5%	
C9	300-399	0.8%	2.7%	600-799	0.4%	
C9	200-299	0.0%	0.0%	400-599	0.0%	
	Totals should = 100%	100.0%	100.0%	Total should = 100%	100.0%	
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math	ACT Reading	ACT Science
C9	30-36	14.3%	14.5%	9.9%		
C9	24-29	37.1%	28.5%	36.8%		
C9	18-23	39.9%	40.4%	34.9%		
C9	12-17	8.4%	15.9%	18.4%		
C9	6-11	0.2%	0.5%	0.1%		
C9	Below 6	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%		
	Totals should = 100%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	22.0%	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	47.9%	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	79.8%	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	20.2%	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	4.2%	
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year students who submitted high school cla	iss rank:	62%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

* If you are able to report GPA ranges separately for students that also submitted at least one test score versus those who did not submit a test score, please do so in the respective columns. If you are unable to report these data, please report the ranges for all students.

	Score Range	Percent	Percent	Percent (All
C11	Percent who had GPA of 4.00			12.7%
C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and 3.99			32.9%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74			19.9%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49			13.1%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24			9.8%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99			9.6%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49			2.1%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99			0.1%
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0			
	Totals should = 100%			100.0%

Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who submitted GPA:	3.57
Percent of total first-time, first-year students who submitted high school GPA:	99.4%

C13-C20: Admission Policies

C13	App	licat	tion	Fee
-----	-----	-------	------	-----

C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?	X	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$40.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	X	

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line:

C13	Same fee:	X
C13	Free:	
C13	Reduced:	

C13		Yes	No
C13	Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with	>	
	financial need?	^	

C14 Application closing date

C14		
C14	Does your institution have an application closing date?	Yes
C14	Application closing date (fall):	August 10
C14	Priority date:	
	Undergraduate International Application closing date (fall):	June 1
C14	Priority date:	

C15 Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms	Yes	No
other than the fall?	X	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16 On a rolling basis beginning (date):	
C16 By (date):	
C16 Other:	Rolling basis within 2 weeks of receipt of required materials

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

	Must reply by (date):	
	No set date:	
C17	Must reply by May 1 or within3 weeks if notified thereafter	X
	Other:	

C17	Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD):	
C17	Amount of housing deposit:	\$250.00
C17	Refundable if student does not enroll?	
C17	Yes, in full	
C17	Yes, in part	X - \$100 is non-refundable; \$150 is refundable until May 1st
C17	No	

C18 Deferred admission

C18		Yes	No
C18	Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?	X	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postponement:	1 academ	nic year

C19 Early admission of high school students

C19		Yes	No
	Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year students one year or more before high school graduation?		X

C20 Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)

C21-C22: Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21	Early	Dec	ision
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C21		Yes	No
C21	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that		
	permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in		
	advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit		X
	to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for		
	fall enrollment?		

C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified		
	of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date		X
	but do not have to commit to attending your college?		

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

D1-D2: Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	X	
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	X	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2023.

D2	Transfer Admission	Applicants	Admitted	Enrolled
D2	Men	573	547	372
D2	Women	701	689	477
D2	Another Gender			
	Unknown	207	200	9
D2	Total	1,481	1,436	858

D3-D11: Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

	maioato torrilo for Willor trai	iololo illay ollioli
D3	Fall	X
D3	Winter	
D3	Spring	X
D3	Summer	X

D5

D4		Yes	No
	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering first-year student?	X	
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	12 transferal credit	

Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript				X	
D5	College transcript(s)	X				
D5	Essay or personal statement					X
D5	Interview					X
D5	Standardized test scores					X
	Statement of good standing from prior					Y
	institution(s)					X

D6	If a minimum high school grade point average is required of	If less than 12 transferable hours, applicants must have a
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	high school GPA of 3.0

D7	If a minimum college grade point average is required of	2.0
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.0

D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

D9 List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling Admission" column.

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	March 1	August 10		May 1	X
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring		December 10		Registration	X
D9	Summer	March 1	Start of Class		May 1	X

D10		Yes	No
D10	Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?	We do not h admissio	

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: Transfer students with less than 12 transferable semester hours must also have an official copy of their high school transcript sent directly to the Admissions Office by their former high school.

D12-D17: Transfer Credit Policies

- Page 7 Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:

 D Some departments may require a higher grade.
- D13 Number Unit Type

 D13 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:

 There is no maximum.
- D14 Number Unit Type

 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:

 There is no maximum.
- Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:

 N/A
- D16 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:

 30 upper-division credits
- Describe other transfer credit policies: UW has articulation agreements in place that give credit for our lower division general education (University Studies Program) requirements. Students entering UW who have completed an AA, AS, ADN, or AB degree from a Wyoming Community College, an AA/AS degree from a regionally-accredited Colorado community college, and AA/AS graduates of Western Nebraska, Mid-Plains (Nebraska), and Colby (Kansas) Community Colleges receive credit toward completion of the lower division general education requirements included in the University Studies Program with the exception of the US/WY Government and Constitutions requirement. Students with an eligible associate's degree who have not completed both components of the US/WY Government and Constitutions requirement must complete it with coursework or challenge exam.

D18-D22: Military Service Transfer Credit Policies

D18 Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:

	Yes	No
American Council on Education (ACE)	X	
College Level Examination Program (CLEP)	X	
DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)	X	

D19		Number	Unit Type
	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be	No maximum -	30 upper level
	transferred based on military education evaluated by the	semester credit hours must	
	American Council on Education (ACE):	earned fi	rom UW.

D20		Number	Unit Type
	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on Department of Defense supported prior learning assessments (College Level Examination Program (CLEP) or DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)):	No maximur division or gr semester credit earned fr	raduate-level hours must be

		Yes	No
D21	Are the military/veteran credit transfer policies on your website?	X	

D21	If yes, please provide the URL where they can be located:
	https://www.uwyo.edu/registrar/transfer-resources/Transfer_Credit.html

Describe other military/veteran transfer credit policies unique to your institution: UW offers a Veterans First Year Seminar course where the students participate in a final course project using research, writing, and oral presentation to validate an "experiential education portfolio" based upon their military career, education, and training. They provide their final presentation to the Registrar to request additional degree related credit.

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	X
E1	Comprehensive transition and postsecondary program for students with	
	intellectual disabilities	
E1	Cross-registration	
E1	Distance learning	X
E1	Double major	X
E1	Dual enrollment	
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	X
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	X
E1	External degree program	X
E1	Honors Program	X
E1	Independent study	X
E1	Internships	X
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	
E1	Student-designed major	
E1	Study abroad	X
E1	Teacher certification program	X
E1	Undergraduate Research	X
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

9	
Arts/fine arts	X
Computer literacy	X
English (including composition)	X
Foreign languages	X
History	X
Physical Education	X
Humanities	X
Intensive writing	X
Mathematics	X
Philosophy	X
Sciences (biological or physical)	X
Social science	X
Other (describe): The University Studies Program requires knowledge gained from courses in Human Culture, the Physical & Natural World, U.S. & WY Constitutions, Communications, & Quantitative Reasoning.	X

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2023 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	38%	31%
Percent of men who join fraternities	5%	6%
Percent of women who join sororities	9%	5%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or - affiliated housing	82%	26%
Percent who live off campus or commute	18%	74%
Percent of students age 25 and older	1.3%	12%
Average age of full-time students	18.4	21.1
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18.4	22.2

F2 <u>Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.</u>

Campus Ministries	X
Choral groups	Χ
Concert band	X
Dance	X
Drama/theater	X
International Student Organization	X
Jazz band	X
Literary magazine	X
Marching band	X
Model UN	X
Music ensembles	X
Musical theater	X
Opera	X
Pep band	X
Radio station	X
Student government	X
Student newspaper	X
Student-run film society	X
Symphony orchestra	X
Television station	X
Yearbook	

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

	Marine Option (for Naval ROTC)	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
Army ROTC is offered:		X		
Naval ROTC is offered:				
Air Force ROTC is offered:		X		

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

Coed dorms	X
Men's dorms (men-only floors)	X
Women's dorms (women-only floors)	X
Apartments for married students	X
Apartments for single students	X
Special housing for disabled students	X
Special housing for international	
students	
Fraternity/sorority housing	X
Cooperative housing	
Theme housing	X
Wellness housing	
Living Learning Communities	X
Other housing options (specify):	

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Net Price Calculator URL

Please provide the URL of your instititution's net price calculator:

https://www.uwyo.edu/sfa/cost-of-attendance/net-price-calculator.html

For the following sections, please provide 2024-2025 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

If your institution's 2024-2025 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time, please select the checkbox below and enter the approximate date (i.e. MM/DD) when your institution's final 2024-2025 academic year costs of attendance will be available.

Tuition and Fee Data Provided are:	Firm and Final	
2024-2025 academic costs not currently available	Approximate date costs will be available:	

G1. Undergraduate, full-time tuition, required fees, food and housing

List the typical tuition, required fees, and food and housing for a full-time undergraduate student for the **full 2024-2025** academic year. (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits).

- ✓ A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan.
- ✓ Food and housing is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.
- ✓ Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.)
- ✓ Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	First-Year	Undergraduate
PRIVATE INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTION		
Tuition: In-district	\$5,190.00	\$5,190.00
Tuition: In-state (out-of-district):	\$5,190.00	\$5,190.00
Tuition: Out-of-state:	\$21,600.00	\$21,600.00
Tuitition: International (non-resident)	\$21,600.00	\$21,600.00
FOR ALL INSTITUTIONS		
Required Fees:	\$2,777.22	\$2,577.22
Food and Housing (on-campus):	\$13,666.00	\$13,666.00
Housing Only (on-campus):	\$5,856.00	\$5,856.00
Food Only (on-campus meal plan):	\$7,810.00	\$7,810.00

If your institution has comprehensive tuition, food and housing fees (and cannot provide separate fee amounts), please enter that comprehensive amount:

Other tuition or fee information:

Program fees vary between \$3 and \$26 per credit hour. The typical program fees for a student are \$510 per year and are included in the Required Fees line above.

First-Year students pay an additional fee of \$200 for a new student orientation program.

G2. Credits Per Term

Please enter the number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition:

Minimum number of credits:	12.0
Maximum number of credits:	18.0

G3. Tuition and Fee Variance by Year of Study

Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g. sophomore, junior, senior)?

No	

G4. Tuition and Fee Variance by Undergraduate Instructional Program

Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?

Voc	
162	

G5. Estimated Expenses for Typical Full-Time Undergraduates

Please provide estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,100.00	\$1,100.00	\$1,100.00
Housing only:	\$5,856.00	\$2,800.00	\$7,000.00
Food only:	\$7,810.00	\$2,300.00	\$3,300.00
Food and housing total*	\$13,666.00	\$5,100.00	\$10,300.00
Transportation:	\$1,600.00	\$1,600.00	\$1,600.00
Other expenses:	\$2,300.00	\$2,300.00	\$2,300.00

^{*}Only enter "Food and housing total" if your institution cannot provide separate food and housing figures for commuters not living at home.

G6. Undergraduate Per-Credit-Hour Charges (tuition only)

Please enter the undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only) in the applicable institution type and segment of students:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS	
Per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
In-district students, per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	\$173.00
In-state (out-of-district) students, per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	\$173.00
Out-of-state students, per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	\$720.00
International (non-resident) students, per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	\$720.00

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

- 1. Non-need institutional grants
- 2. Non-need tuition waivers
- 3. Non-need athletic awards
- 4. Non-need federal grants5. Non-need state grants

- 6. Non-need outside grants
- 7. Non-need student loans
- 8. Non-need parent loans
- 9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

DO NOT INCLUDE ANY AID RELATED TO THE CARES ACT OR UNIQUE TO THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

- H1 Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories.
 - If the data being reported are final figures for the 2021-2022 academic year (see the next item below),
 - Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid).
 - · Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid
 - · For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-
 - Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	2023-2024	2022-2023
Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		X

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)

Federal methodology (FM)	X
Institutional methodology (IM)	
Both FM and IM	

	Need-based \$ (Include non- need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	\$10,029,643	\$272,648
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$2,628,453	\$8,472,565
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$4,140,431	\$14,740,042
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college		\$3,618,157
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$16,798,527	\$27,103,412
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$6,131,396	\$17,733,113
Federal Work-Study	\$356,524	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
Total Self-Help	\$6,487,920	\$17,733,113
Other		
Parent Loans		\$4,893,000
Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		\$3,571,670
Athletic Awards	\$9,428	\$6,641,110

- **Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source.
 - Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as needbased aid.
 - Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.
 - In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time, first-time, first-year students should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
 - Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

		Full-time First-time First-year	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
Α	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2023 cohort)	1,588	7,061	1,302
В	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1,315	4,743	619
С	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	751	3,114	491
D	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	736	3,026	404
	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	576	2,243	291
	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	324	1,437	212
	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	652	2,204	129
Н	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	169	502	22
I	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	63.7%	57.7%	35.6%
J	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 12,350	\$ 11,586	\$ 5,728
K	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$ 6,600	\$ 6,758	\$ 4,084
L	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative</u> <u>loans</u>) of those in line f	\$ 3,037	\$ 3,983	\$ 3,601
M	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 2,930	\$ 3,917	\$ 3,585

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid.

Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.

In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

		Full-time First-time First-year	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
N	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	618	1,873	63
0	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 4,196	\$ 4,502	\$ 1,879
Р	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	66	331	8
Q	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ 2,406	\$ 3,519	\$ 5,525

Number of full-time undergraduates in line a who used GI Bill benefits to partially or fully finance their tuition and	170
fees during 2022-2023.	170

Percentage of your current first-year class that is receiving any student aid based on financial need (e.g. Pell Grant, SEOG, Federal Perkins Loan, Subsidized Stafford Loans, College Work-Study, or state or institutional dollars based on a determination of financial need.	40.4%
Percentage of your current first-year class that is receiving any student aid based on merit (e.g. Presidential Scholar or institutional scholarships).	85.8%

Pell Grants

How many total degree-seeking undergraduates received Pell Grants:	1,887
What percentage of ALL degree-seeking undergraduates were awarded Pell Grants?	23%
How many full-time degree-seeking undergraduates received Pell Grants:	1,625
What percentage of full-time degree-seeking undergraduates received Pell Grants?	23%
What was the total amount of Pell Grant aid received by all degree-seeking undergraduate students?	\$9,314,745

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5. Include:

- 2023 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023.
- Only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- Co-signed loans.

Exclude

- Students who transferred in.
- Money borrowed at other institutions.
- Parent loans
- Students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).
- Any aid related to the CARE Act or unique the COVID-19 pandemic.

H4	Provide the number of students in the 2023 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-	
	time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023. Exclude	1,087
	students who transferred into your institution.	,

Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed.

The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources.

The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

	Source/Type of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per- undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
Α	Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	461	42.4%	\$25,326
В	Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	444	40.8%	\$18,594
	Institutional loan programs.	0	0.0%	\$0
	State loan programs.	0	0.0%	\$0
	Private student loans made by a bank or lender.	103	9.5%	\$33,201
Provide the percentage of full-time undergraduates who were determined to have financial need, received any financial aid, and whose parents borrowed PLUS loans. (Include only students whose families borrowed PLUS loans while the students were enrolled at your institution.			2.5%	
Provide the percentage of full-time undergraduates who were determined not to have financial need and whose parents borrowed PLUS loans. (Include only students whose families borrowed PLUS loans while the students were enrolled at your institution.			1.0%	
Pro	ovide the percentage of full-time undergraduates rec	ceiving Federal Perkins	Loans	0%

Provide the average loan dollar amount of full-time undergraduates receiving Federal Perkins Loans	\$0
Provide the percentage of full-time undergraduates receiving Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG)	5.8%
Provide the average grant dollar amount of full-time undergraduates receiving Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG)	\$1,557

Enter average award dollar amounts awarded to enrolled degree-seeking full-time undergraduates in the following categories

	Second Year (Sophomores)	Third Year (Juniors)	Fourth Year (Seniors)
Average need-based scholarship or grant award to students who were determined to have need	\$4,810	\$5,274	\$4,821
Average dollar award to students who had no financial need & who were awarded institutional nonneed-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards or tuition benefits)	\$9,576	\$9,282	\$8,212

Aid Awarded to In-State and Out-of-State Undergraduates

Please provide the percentage of students who were awarded each type of aid and the average individual aid package. When calculating percentages for full-time, first-time, first-year students, use the total number of (in-state/out-of-state) degree-seeking, full-time, first-time, first-year students as the denominator. When calculating the average package, the denominator should be the number of (in-state/out-of-state) degree-seeking, full-time, first-time, first-year students who were awarded that type of aid.

When calculating percentages for all full-time degree-seeking undergraduates, use the total number of (in-state/out-of-state) full-time degree-seeking undergraduates as the denominator. When calculating the average package, the denominator should be the number of (in-state/out-of-state) full-time degree-seeking undergraduates who were awarded that type of aid.

Full-time, first-time, first-year students	In-St	In-State	
	Percent	Avg Package	
Need-based aid	43%	\$8,488	
Need-based scholarship or grant aid	42%	\$7,631	
Need-based self-help aid	17%	\$2,642	
Need-based loans	15%	\$2,633	
Non-need based scholarship or grant aid	94%	\$6,696	

Full-time, first-time, first-year students	Out-of-State	
	Percent	Avg Package
Need-based aid	37%	\$5,855
Need-based scholarship or grant aid	30%	\$4,220
Need-based self-help aid	26%	\$3,407
Need-based loans	25%	\$3,187
Non-need based scholarship or grant aid	77%	\$7,980

All full-time degree-seeking undergraduates	In-St	In-State	
	Percent	Avg Package	
Need-based aid	45%	\$7,813	
Need-based scholarship or grant aid	42%	\$6,760	
Need-based self-help aid	18%	\$3,866	
Need-based loans	17%	\$3,864	
Non-need based scholarship or grant aid	77%	\$5,893	

All full-time degree-seeking undergraduates	Out-of-State	
	Percent	Avg Package
Need-based aid	33%	\$6,420
Need-based scholarship or grant aid	23%	\$4,733
Need-based self-help aid	25%	\$4,122
Need-based loans	24%	\$3,975
Non-need based scholarship or grant aid	60%	\$10,386

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking U.S. Nonresidents (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6 Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking U.S. nonresidents:

Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X
Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X
Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the	
number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-	69
need-based aid:	

Number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based aid:	7
Number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded non-need-based aid:	67

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking	¢7 251
nonresident aliens:	Ψ1,231

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident	¢405 010
aliens:	φ 4 05,010

Which types of institutional financial aid are available to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens?

Trinon typos of montational imanolal are available to unasignature	o dog. oo oookiiig iioiii oola
Need-based (check all that apply)	
College/university scholarships/grants from institutional funds	X
Tuition waivers	X
Athletic awards	X
Loans from institutional funds	
Loans from outside sources	X
On-campus employment	
Other (specify):	

Non-need-based (check all that apply)	
College/university scholarships/grants from institutional funds	X
Tuition waivers	X
Athletic awards	X
Loans from institutional funds	
Loans from outside sources	X
On-campus employment	
Other (specify):	

H7 Check off all financial aid forms U.S. nonresident first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

Institution's own financial aid form	
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
Other (specify): International Student's Certification of Finances	X

Does your institution currently have a policy of awarding financial aid to	Yes	No
eligible students who do not have a valid U.S. visa or legal status?		X

Process for First-Year Students

H8 Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

<i>j</i> / /	
FAFSA	
Institution's own financial aid form	
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
State aid form	
Noncustodial PROFILE	
Business/Farm Supplement	
Other (specify):	

H9 Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:

Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:	February 1st
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:	
No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):	X
basis).	

H10 Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):

a) Students notified on or about (date):		
	Yes	No
b) Students notified on a rolling basis:	X	
If yes, starting date:	Jan. 26	

H11 Indicate reply dates:

	<i>3</i>	
Students mu	ıst reply by (date):	
or within	weeks of notification.	

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12 Loans

Loans	
Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	X
Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	X
Direct PLUS Loans	X
Federal Perkins Loans	
Federal Nursing Loans	X
State Loans	X
College/university loans from institutional funds	X
Other (specify): Alternative Loan Program	X

	H13	Need-Based	Scholarships	and Grants
--	-----	------------	---------------------	------------

Federal Pell	X
SEOG	X
State scholarships/grants	X
Private scholarships	X
College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds	X
United Negro College Fund	
Federal Nursing Scholarship	
Other (specify):	

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
Academics	X	X
Alumni affiliation	X	
Art	X	X
Athletics	X	X
Job skills	X	X
ROTC	X	
Leadership	X	X
Minority status	X	X
Music/drama	X	X
Religious affiliation		
State/district residency	X	X

		Λ
If your institution has recently implemented any majo your institution more affordable to incoming students costs for families below a certain income level please	such as replacing loans	
Are these policies related to the COVID-19 pandemic	c?	

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I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2023. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

11

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
 (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post- doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows 	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

11					Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
11	a)	Total number of instructional faculty			726	6	732
I 1	b)	Total number who are members of r	ninority gro	oups	74	0	74
I1	c)	Total number who are women			337	2	339
11	d)	Total number who are men			389	4	393
I1	e)	Total number who are nonresident a	aliens (inter	national)	29	0	29
I1	f) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree				625	5	630
	g)	Total number whose highest degree	mber whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			0	93
11		master's			93	U	93
I1	h)	Total number whose highest degree			2	1	3
	i١	Total number whose highest degree	is unknow	n or other (Note:	6	0	6
11	'/	Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to i			0	Ů	· ·
	i١	Total number in stand-alone gradua	uate/ professional programs in		43	2	45
I1	J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only gra	iduate-leve			_	
		-time tenured faculty	47%	341 tenured faculty out of 726 full-time faculty			
	Full	-time faculty with terminal degrees	86%	623 with terminal degrees out of 726 full-time faculty			
	Full-time faculty with doctoral degrees 82% 598 with doctoral degrees out of 726 full-time faculty					faculty	

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2023 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2023 Student to Faculty ratio	13.0	to 1	(based on	9,138	students
				and	703	faculty).

13 Undergraduate Class Size

13

13 13 13

13 13 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2022 term.

Please include classes that have been moved online in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2023. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	133	286	308	121	52	75	41	1,016

CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	35	127	119	20	1	1	0	303

Average freshman class size	40.9
Average undergraduate class size	28.8
Average junior/senior class size	20.2

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Certificates	Percent	Bachelor's	Percent	CIP 2020 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture	0	0.0%	116	5.5%	01
J1	Natural resources and conservation	1	0.6%	71	3.3%	03
J1	Architecture	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	04
J1	Area, ethnic, and gender studies	0	0.0%	15	0.7%	05
J1	Communication/journalism	0	0.0%	42	2.0%	09
J1	Communication technologies	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	10
J1	Computer and information sciences	8	4.4%	36	1.7%	11
J1	Personal and culinary services	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	12
J1	Education	59	32.6%	182	8.6%	13
J1	Engineering	0	0.0%	201	9.5%	14
J1	Engineering technologies	12	6.6%	0	0.0%	15
J1	Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics	20	11.0%	11	0.5%	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences	0	0.0%	26	1.2%	19
J1	Law/legal studies	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	22
J1	English	0	0.0%	33	1.6%	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies	0	0.0%	36	1.7%	24
J1	Library science	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	25
J1	Biological/life sciences	0	0.0%	191	9.0%	26
J1	Mathematics and statistics	0	0.0%	13	0.6%	27
J1	Military science and military technologies	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	28 & 29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies	0	0.0%	18	0.8%	30
J1	Parks and recreation	0	0.0%	76	3.6%	31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies	0	0.0%	7	0.3%	38
J1	Theology and religious vocations	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	39
J1	Physical sciences	0	0.0%	50	2.4%	40
J1	Science technologies	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	41
J1	Psychology	0	0.0%	158	7.4%	42
J1	Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services	0	0.0%	78	3.7%	43
J1	Public administration and social services	0	0.0%	31	1.5%	44
J1	Social sciences	33	18.2%	78	3.7%	45
J1	Construction trades	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	46
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	47
J1	Precision production	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	48
J1	Transportation and materials moving	1	0.6%	0	0.0%	49
J1	Visual and performing arts	2	1.1%	58	2.7%	50
J1	Health professions and related programs	17	9.4%	200	9.4%	51
J1	Business/marketing	28	15.5%	364	17.1%	52
J1	History	0	0.0%	35	1.6%	54
J1	Other	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	181	100.0%	2,126	100.0%	

Note: Certificates include all UW certificates awarded.

Most Popular Degrees Awarded 2022-23 (Determined by CIP Code):

	CIP Code	Number	Percent
Bachelor's Degrees			
Psychology	42.0101	158	7.4%
Nursing	51.3801	142	6.7%
Elementary Education	13.1202	78	3.7%
Criminal Justice	43.0104	78	3.7%
Kinesiology & Health Promotion	31.0505	76	3.6%
Finance	52.0801	74	3.5%
Accounting	52.0301	63	3.0%
Physiology	26.0901	59	2.8%
Marketing	52.1401	57	2.7%
Mechanical Engineering	14.1901	54	2.5%
Overall Degrees			
Psychology	42.0101	175	5.7%
Nursing	51.3801	168	5.5%
Business Administration	52.0201	118	3.9%
Finance	52.0801	93	3.0%
Kinesiology & Health Promotion	31.0505	90	2.9%
Elementary Education	13.1202	83	2.7%
Criminal Justice	43.0104	78	2.5%
Accounting	52.0301	76	2.5%
Law	22.0101	69	2.3%
Mechanical Engineering	14.1901	65	2.1%

Most Popular Majors Fall 2023 (Determined by CIP Code):

CIP Code	Number	Percent
42.0101	481	5.8%
31.0505	333	4.0%
51.1105	318	3.9%
14.1901	312	3.8%
13.1202	291	3.5%
43.0104	244	3.0%
11.0701	235	2.8%
52.0301	230	2.8%
51.3801	218	2.6%
01.0901	213	2.6%
42.0101	527	4.8%
31.0505	364	3.3%
14.1901	339	3.1%
51.1105	318	2.9%
13.0101	314	2.9%
13.1202	305	2.8%
11.0701	271	2.5%
01.0901	257	2.4%
52.0301	254	2.3%
43.0104	244	2.2%
	42.0101 31.0505 51.1105 14.1901 13.1202 43.0104 11.0701 52.0301 51.3801 01.0901 42.0101 31.0505 14.1901 51.1105 13.0101 13.1202 11.0701 01.0901 52.0301	42.0101 481 31.0505 333 51.1105 318 14.1901 312 13.1202 291 43.0104 244 11.0701 235 52.0301 230 51.3801 218 01.0901 213 42.0101 527 31.0505 364 14.1901 339 51.1105 318 13.0101 314 13.1202 305 11.0701 271 01.0901 257 52.0301 254

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- " Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Comprehensive transition and postsecondary program for students with intellectual disabilities: Programs designed to support postsecondary students with intellectual disabilities obtain instruction in academic, career and technical, and independent living subjects in preparation for employment.

Clock hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as contact hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*New student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See U.S. Nonresident.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Living learning community: Residential programs that allow students to interact with students who share common interests. In addition to living together, students may also participate in shared courses, special events, and group service projects.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

*New student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

U.S. Nonresident: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.

Permanent Resident or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident status (and who holds either a registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements:

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

Undergraduate Research: Opportunities offered to undergraduate students to make original contributions in an academic discipline via the exploration of a specific research topic. Research opportunities may or may not be associated with a specific course or earn credit.

U.S. Nonresident: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

- 1. Non-need institutional grants
- 2. Non-need tuition waivers
- 3. Non-need athletic awards
- 4. Non-need federal grants
- 5. Non-need state grants
- 6. Non-need outside grants
- 7. Non-need student loans
- 8. Non-need parent loans
- 9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.