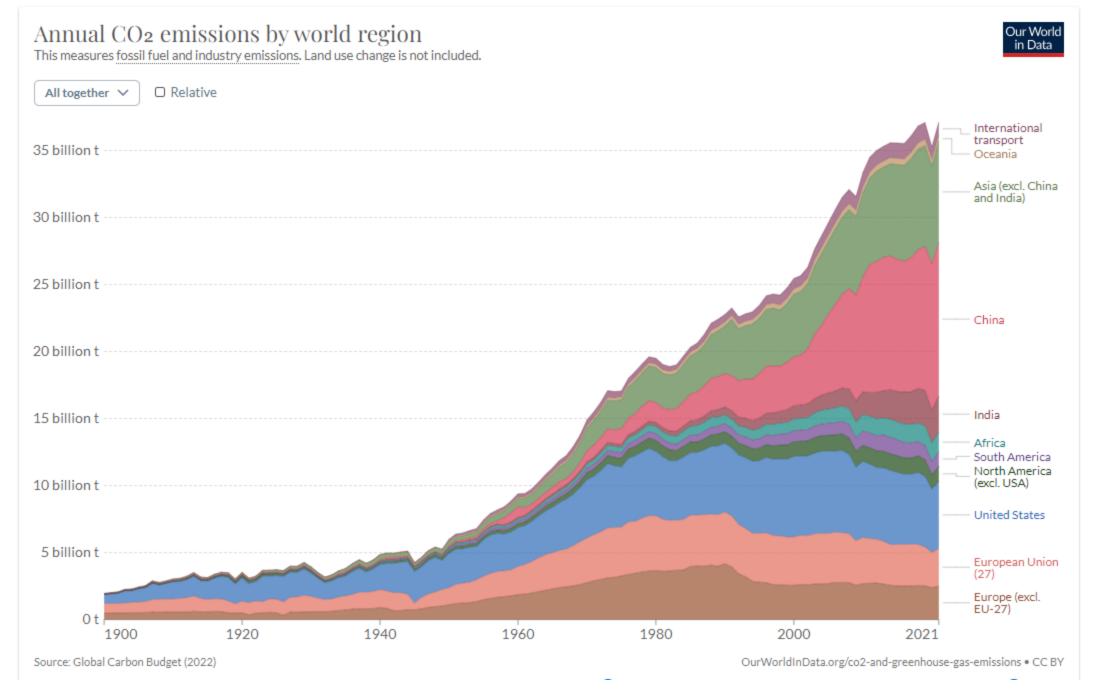
Cattle and Rangeland Carbon

UW McGuire Ranch & Cooperating WY-CO Ranches

Derek Scasta, Ph.D.; Department of Ecosystem Science and Management Laramie Research and Extension Center

UNIVERSITY OF WYOMING



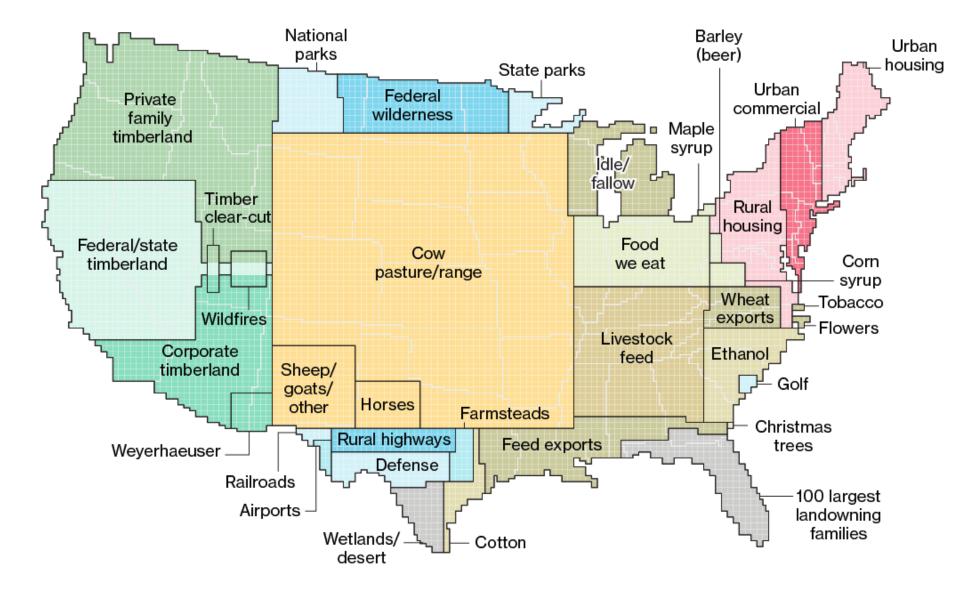
https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/annual-co-emissions-by-region?time=1900..latest

655M

acres of pasture and rangeland in the U.S.

20%

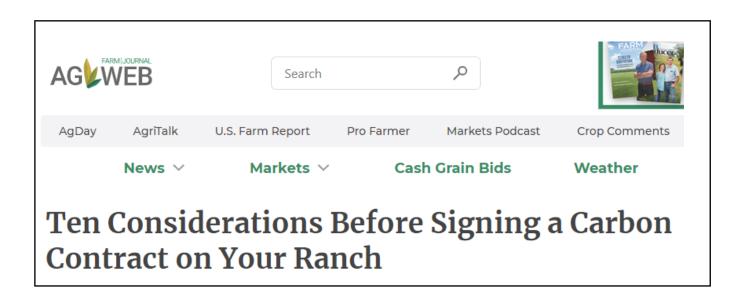
of the world's soil organic carbon stock is in pasture and rangeland



https://www.bloomberg.com/graphics/2018-us-land-use/

Carbon: Challenge and Opportunity for Ag

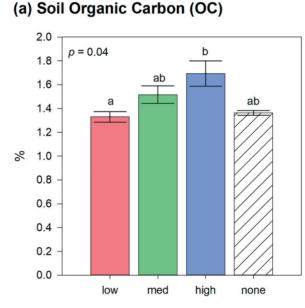
- 1. Increased concern about carbon dioxide emissions
- 2. Opportunity to store and accumulate in range and pasture soils
- 3. May generate new income streams for ranches
- 4. Lack of information on effects of grazing and potential





Prior Work: Ranches

Soil organic carbon is an indicator of grazing capacity and may serve as a useful rangeland soil health indicator for producers



ARID LAND RESEARCH AND MANAGEMENT 2023, VOL. 37, NO. 2, 155–183 https://doi.org/10.1080/15324982.2022.2114117



Check for update

Ranch-scale soil health, forage quality, and cattle grazing capacity linkages in a high-elevation steppe

Timm Gergeni^a, John Derek Scasta^a, Kristie Maczko^{a,b}, and John Tanaka^a

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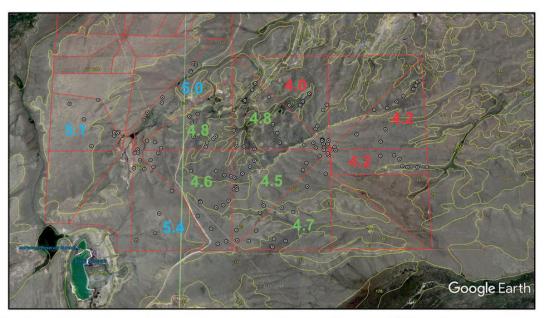


Figure 1. Soil sampling points at Sims Ranch in McFadden, Wyoming, USA overlain on pasture and U.S. federal Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO) soil maps for evaluating the relationship between soil health, forage quality, and grazing capacity at the ranch-scale in a high elevation steppe. Red lines denote pasture boundaries, yellow lines denote mapped soils, and circle symbols denote a soil sampling location. Red, green, and blue numbers indicate animal days per hectare for low, medium, and high categories, respectively.

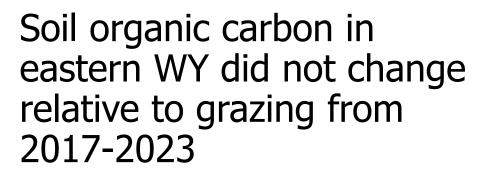
Animal day pasture categories

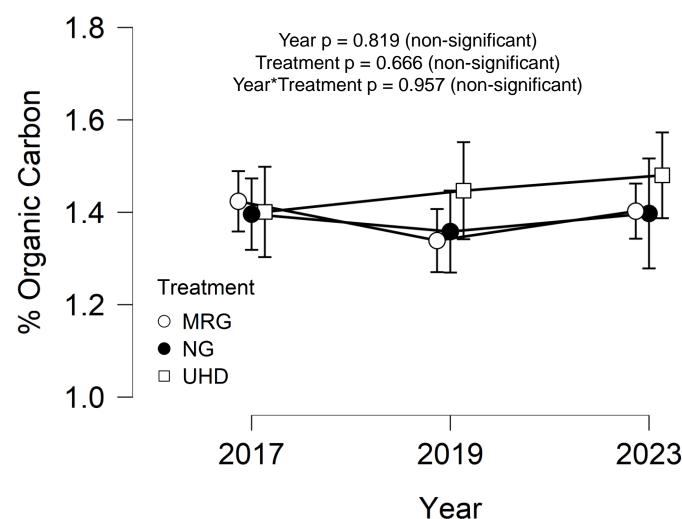
https://doi.org/10.17221/54/2023-PSE

Prior work: SAREC

Temporal variability drives soil chemical and biological dynamics more than grazing in a northern mixed-grass prairie

Тімм Gergeni¹, John Derek Scasta¹*, Kristie Maczko^{1,2}, Steve Paisley³, John Tanaka^{1,2}





Funding & Partnerships

Total Cost

More than

\$19M

Funding

FOUNDATION FOR FOOD & AGRICULTURE RESEARCH \$9,000,000



\$7,500,000

Additional funding Provided by

Jones Family Foundation

GREENACRES

BUTCHERBOX













College of Agriculture and Natural Resources









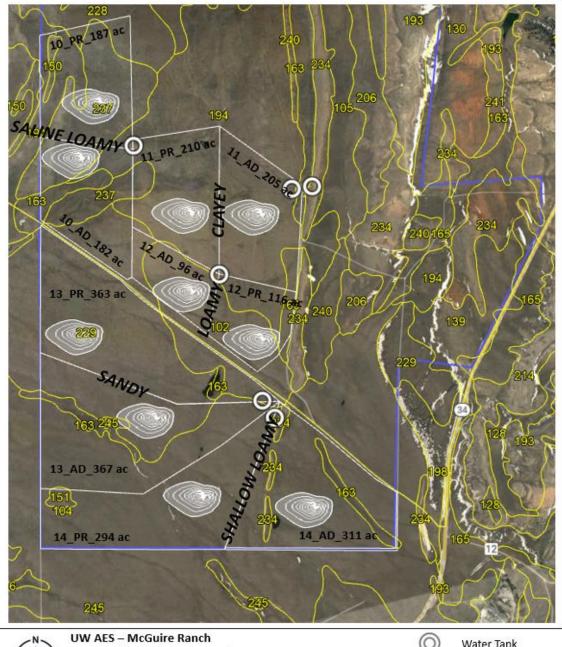




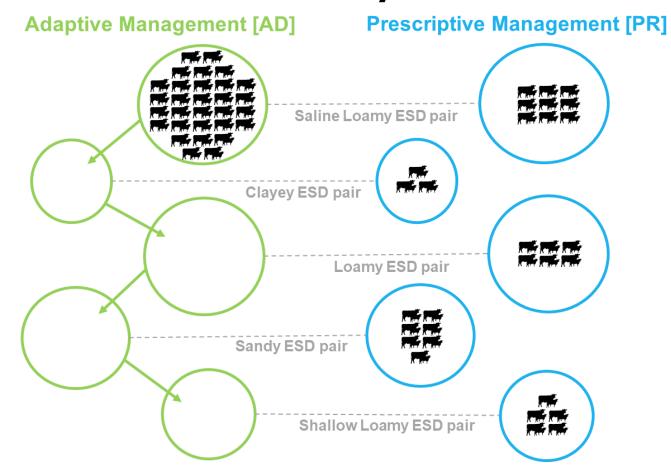
~60 Cooperating Ranches

UW McGuire Ranch

 ~5,500 acre ranch between Laramie and Wheatland Sagebrush steppe on west slope of the Laramie Range Owned by UW for over 30 years New Infrastructure ~12 miles of new fence to build 10 new study pastures (~2,300 acres) New well drilled and a ³/₄ mile pipeline off existing well 3 new livestock tanks Assessing how grazing management can influence soil carbon



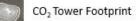
Stratified by soils





FFAR-Noble 3 M's Pasture Infrastructure PR = Prescriptive Grazing; AD = Adaptive Grazing





Soils



Down to 1 meter

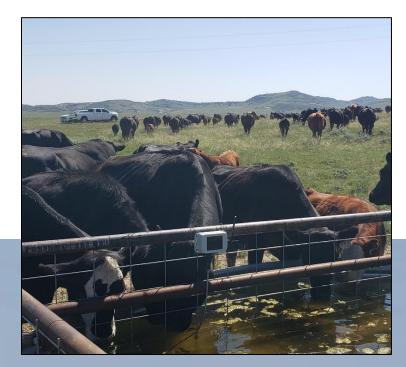


Water



Soil and livestock water

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY



Vegetation

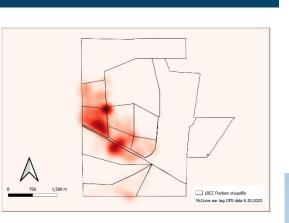


Forage quantity & quality; Plant composition; Response to grazing



Animals

• Cattle and wildlife



mOOvement



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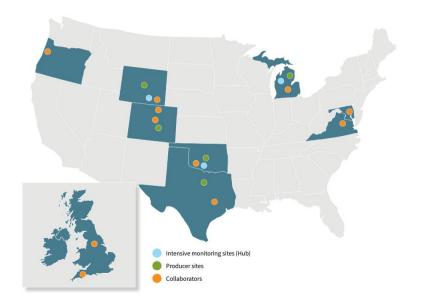
QUANERRA

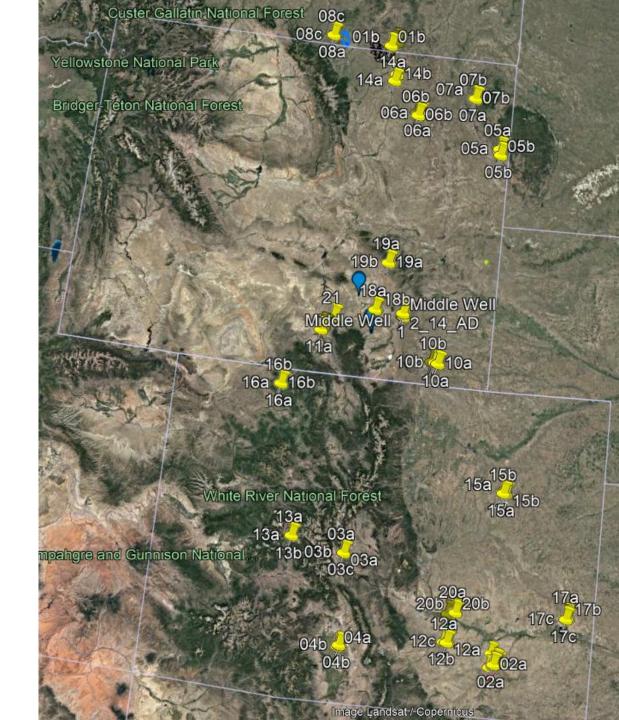
Carbon Dioxide

 Flow of CO2 between ecosystem and atmosphere

Cooperating Ranches

• Started work with 20 ranches in WY and CO this summer





Cooperating Ranches

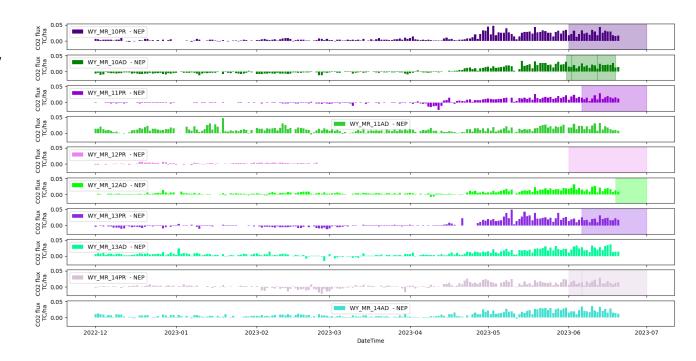
• Encompass environmental and managerial variation



Data Streams (in progress)

- Soil Carbon
- Evapotranspiration and Soil Moisture
- Net Radiation
- Net Ecosystem Productivity
 - Difference between gross primary productivity (GPP) and ecosystem respiration (ER), is the carbon sink basis

- Grazing Management
- Vegetation productivity
- Economics
- Weather and Climate









Teamwork



Questions? jscasta@uwyo.edu